

Microfluidic-Raman Spectroscopy of Single Cells

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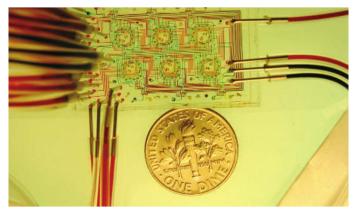
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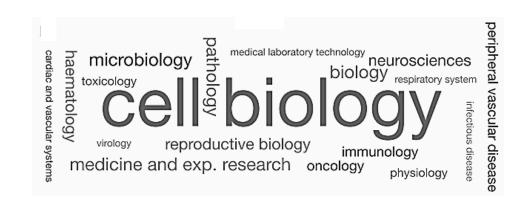
Microfluidics

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- Microfluidics is an enabling technology that utilizes the physics of fluid flow at microscale to perform unique processes.
- Microfluidics provides to the ability to measure and control microenvironment for cell biology.



(Whitesides, Nature 2006)



(Sackmann, Nature 2014)

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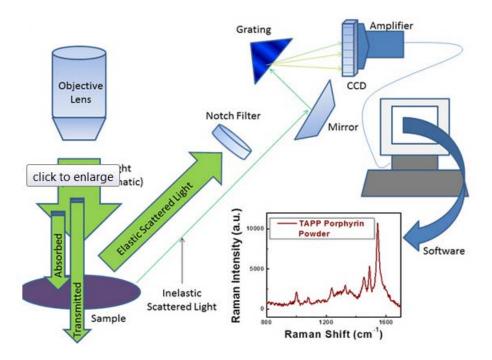
Raman Spectroscopy

 A form of vibrational spectroscopy relying on the detection of inelastic scattering of photons from monochromatic light sources, for quantification and identification of molecules in a substance.

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- Currently extensively used of nonliving substances
- Does not require sample prep
- Ideal for samples in aqueous solutions
- With selection of the right wavelength, intensity, and applied dose photo-induced damage to biological materials can be avoided



(Murphy, J. Phys. Chem. C, 2011)



Current work on Raman Spectroscopy of Single Cells

• Motivation:

- 1. Identification of biomarkers of cell types that can be identified without causing any change to the natural state of the cell
- 2. Identification of certain cells that are hard to distinguish with other imaging techniques

• Some notable demonstrations:

- 1. Human cancer cells (and different stages of cancer)
- 2. Mouse liver cells to identify cells infected by Hepatitis B or C
- 3. Identification of particular stem cells from other cells
- 4. Identification of bacterial cells or hard to culture microorganisms
- 5. Protein distribution within the cells or cell media
- 6. Real-time qualitative/quantitative monitoring of intercellular/extracellular species



Microfluidic-Raman Spectroscopy

• Combined capabilities:

- 1. Both are ideally suited for low volume samples
- 2. Both can de designed to offer non-destructive analysis of the sample of interest
- 3. Can offer the ability to provide deep insight in cell biology by precise control of microenvironments
- 4. Both are aqueous media friendly
- Applications: Health and Safety, Diagnostics, Industrial processes, Pharmaceuticals, Forensics, Food and Quality control, Biotechnology, Material Science
- **Current need:** Effective collaborations between multidisciplinary individuals with background in cell biology, analytical chemistry, microfluidics, optics, data analysis.



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Microfluidic-Raman Spectroscope at Andrology Labs

- A collaborative effort of Joel Harris Group (Chemistry), Bruce Gale Group (Mechanical Engineering), and James Hotaling/Douglas Carrell Group (School of Medicine)
- Current funding secured through University of Utah RIF and SEED grant: \$55,000 (approx.)

• Current Specs:

- 1. Laser and associated optics retrofitted to a inverted microscope
- 2. 785 nm laser source
- 3. Microfluidic cell trapping/sorting chip
- 4. Optical trapping capability of single cells/particles in microchannels



Possible Grant Calls for Collaborations

- NIH: Exploratory/Developmental Bioengineering Research Grants (EBRG) [R21]
- NIH: Development of Highly Innovative Tools and Technology for Analysis of Single Cells (SBIR) (R43/R44)
- NSF: Major Research Instrumentation Program (MRI)
- NSF/NIH: SBIR/STIR
- Others...



Thank you